

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION

SHANNON PITTS,	§	
#17503-078,	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	No. 3:22-cv-02853-B (BT)
	§	
OFFICER NFN DERRY, et al.,	§	
Defendants.	§	

**FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATION
OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Shannon Pitts, a federal prisoner, filed this *pro se* civil rights action in the Amarillo Division of the Northern District of Texas. On December 20, 2022, the Court transferred the case to the Dallas Division because Pitts's complaint addresses acts or omissions occurring at Federal Correctional Institution (FCI) Seagoville, in Seagoville Texas, which is in the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas. Pitts's complaint failed to comply with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a), he did not pay the required filing fee or seek leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, and his pleadings were not filed on the court-approved form. Accordingly, on January 3, 2023, the Court sent Pitts a Notice of Deficiency and Order ([ECF No. 9](#)), which ordered him (i) to file a complaint that complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a) and on the court-approved form and (ii) to pay the filing fee or file a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. The Order further informed Pitts that failure to respond and cure the deficiencies by

February 3, could result in a recommendation that his case be dismissed. Pitts has not filed any response, and he has not paid the filing fee, filed a motion for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, or otherwise complied with the Court's January 3 Order. Therefore, this case should be dismissed without prejudice pursuant to [Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41\(b\)](#).

Rule 41(b) allows a court to dismiss an action *sua sponte* for failure to prosecute or for failure to comply with the federal rules or any court order. [Griggs v. S.G.E. Mgmt., L.L.C.](#), 905 F.3d 835, 844 (5th Cir. 2018) (citing [McCullough v. Lynaugh](#), 835 F.2d 1126, 1127 (5th Cir. 1988) (per curiam)); accord [Nottingham v. Warden, Bill Clements Unit](#), 837 F.3d 438, 440 (5th Cir. 2016) (failure to comply with a court order); [Rosin v. Thaler](#), 450 F. App'x 383, 383-84 (5th Cir. 2011) (per curiam) (failure to prosecute). "This authority [under Rule 41(b)] flows from the court's inherent power to control its docket and prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases." [Boudwin v. Graystone Ins. Co., Ltd.](#), 756 F.2d 399, 401 (5th Cir. 1985) (citing [Link v. Wabash, R.R. Co.](#), 370 U.S. 626 (1962)).

Pitts failed to comply with the Court's order to file a complaint in compliance with Rule 8(a) and on the court-approved form or to pay the filing fee or file a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. This litigation cannot proceed until Pitts cures these deficiencies.

Specifically, Rule 8(a) requires that a complaint set forth a short and plain statement of a claim showing the pleader is entitled to relief and a

demand for the relief sought. Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a)(2), (3). Here, Pitts filed only a letter stating that he was sexually assaulted and that he seeks to bring the rape of all prisoners “to the light.” Compl. 1 ([ECF No. 3](#)). Pitts states that his efforts to bring awareness to this situation have led to him being “retaliated against.” *Id.* He asks the Court to “[p]lease help,” but he fails to state what relief he is seeking by bringing this lawsuit. *Id.* The Court cannot perform its judicial screening function on a conclusory submission that lacks any statement of the relief sought.

Pitts has failed to prosecute his lawsuit and also failed to obey a court order. Dismissal without prejudice is warranted under these circumstances.

Recommendation

The Court should dismiss Pitts’s complaint without prejudice under Rule 41(b).

SO RECOMMENDED.

Signed February 16, 2023.



REBECCA RUTHERFORD
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND
NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of this report and recommendation shall be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of this report and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. See [28 U.S.C. § 636\(b\)\(1\)](#); [FED. R. CIV. P. 72\(b\)](#). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's report and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. See [Douglass v. United Services Automobile Ass'n](#), 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).